**2 кл.** сборник упражнений стр. 40 – 43

**3 кл.** сборник упражнений стр. 58 - 62

**4 кл.** сборник упражнений стр. 64 упр.1-4

**6а класс Задания для самостоятельного изучения темы**

**«Free time. My hobby».**

**Exercise 1. Read these words and learn their translation.**

1. collecting — коллекционирование
2. collect — собирать
3. item — предмет, единица в коллекции
4. consist of — состоять из
5. be proud of — гордиться
6. be good at — хорошо получаться
7. be keen on — сильно увлекаться
8. be crazy about — обожать
9. have fun — развлекаться
10. have a good time — хорошо проводить время
11. exciting — увлекательный
12. have nothing to do / do nothing — ничего не делать
13. go out – проводить время вне дома
14. stay indoors — оставаться дома
15. surf the Internet — сидеть в интернете
16. rest/ have a rest — отдыхать
17. share pictures / photos — делиться фотографиями
18. socialize — общаться
19. play table games (chess, cards, etc.) — играть в настольные игры
20. arrange a party — устроить вечеринку
21. take up —  заняться
22. give up —  бросить
23. growing roses (flowers, pot flowers) — выращивание роз (цветов, комнатных растений)
24. doing sport — заниматься спортом
25. learning languages — изучение языков
26. reading books — чтение книг
27. making up stories — сочинение рассказов
28. taking pictures (photography) — фотографирование
29. dancing, singing — танцы, пение
30. drawing / painting — рисование (живопись)
31. cooking, baking — выпечка
32. fishing — рыбалка
33. knitting — вязание
34. sewing — шитье
35. woodwork – резьба по дереву

**Exercise 2. Read and translate the text (in the written form).**

My Hobby

Hobby is what people like to do in their free time. We choose a hobby to our tastes. Hobby makes our life interesting. Sometimes it helps us to choose our future profession.

I have got a hobby too. My hobby is painting. When I have free time, I always draw my pets, my parents and friends.

Also I like to make toys in my free time. I like reading books, too.

**Exercise 3. Create your own text about hobbies.**

My Hobby

Hobby is what people like to do in their free time. We choose a hobby to our tastes. Hobby makes our life interesting. Sometimes it helps us to choose our future profession.

I have got a hobby too. My hobby is … . When I have free time, I always… .

Also I like to … in my free time. I like … , too.

**Стр. 61 перевод текстов письменно, упр.2, 3 (написать про любимую настольную игру)**

**7 кл. Задания для самостоятельного изучения темы**

**«My family».**

**Exercise 1. Read these words and learn their translation.**

1. father, daddy – отец, папа
2. mother, mummy – мать, мама
3. grandmother, grandma – бабушка
4. grandfather, grandpa – дедушка
5. sister – сестра
6. brother – брат
7. elder sister – старшая сестра
8. elder brother – старший брат
9. younger sister – младшая сестра
10. younger brother – младший брат
11. wife – жена
12. husband – муж
13. marriage – брак
14. wedding – свадьба
15. bridegroom – жених
16. bride – невеста
17. two-parent family – полная семья
18. one-parent family – неполная семья
19. united family, close-knit family – дружная семья
20. family traditions – семейные традиции
21. the older generation – старшее поколение
22. the younger generation – младшее поколение
23. education, upbringing – воспитание
24. stepfather – отчим, неродной отец
25. stepmother – мачеха, неродная мать
26. stepbrother – сводный брат
27. grandson – внук
28. granddaughter – внучка
29. grandchildren – внук и внучка
30. great-grandson – правнук
31. great-granddaughter – правнучка
32. great-grandchildren – правнуки
33. great-grandmother – прабабушка
34. great-grandfather – прадедушка
35. great-grandparents – прабабушка и прадедушка
36. nephew – племянник
37. niece – племянница
38. the only child – единственный ребенок
39. twins – близнецы
40. get on well with each other – ладить друг с другом
41. quarrel – ссориться
42. conflict – конфликтовать
43. live under the same roof – жить под одной крышей
44. help each other – помогать друг другу
45. take care of each other – заботиться друг о друге
46. get married – выйти замуж, жениться
47. be engaged – быть помолвленным
48. have respect for seniors – уважать старших
49. die – умереть
50. get divorced – развестись

**Exercise 2. Read and translate the text (in the written form).**

**My Family**

My name is Boris. I am fourteen years old. I would like to tell you about my family.

There are five of us in the family. I have got a mother, a father, an elder brother and a younger sister. First of all, I would like to tell you about myself.

I am in the eighth grade. I like to read historical novels and listen to pop music. My elder brother is a school-leaver, he is seventeen years old. This year he is going to enter the Academy of Music. He plays the piano and guitar very well.

My younger sister’s name is Kate. She is five years old, she goes to the kindergarten, likes to draw and dance. I like to spend my free time with her.

My mother’s name is Elena. She is a teacher of the English language. She works at school and likes her profession very much. She is forty years old and she looks very good.

My father’s name is Vladimir. He is forty-five years old. He is a surgeon. He is a very responsible and hardworking person. He works a lot and he is busy all the time. We are proud of him, because every day he saves lives of people.

We always go to the village to our grandparents during summer holidays. There is a lake there and we swim in it. We also play badminton, go fishing and in the evening we get together, drink tea, talk and laugh.

My family is very friendly and united. I love it and I am proud of it.

**Exercise 3. Create your own text about your family (+describing each member of your family).**

My name is … . I am … years old. I would like to tell you about my family.

There are … of us in the family. I have got a … .

I am in the … class. I like to … .

My mother’s name is … . She is a … . She works in … . She is … old.

My family is very friendly and united. I love it and I am proud of it.

**Exercise 4. Поставьте глаголы в скобках в Present Perfect.**

1. He \_\_\_\_\_ (finish) training.
2. She \_\_\_\_\_ (score) twenty points in the match.
3. We \_\_\_\_\_ (watch) all the Champions League matches this season.
4. That's amazing! She \_\_\_\_\_ (run)  fifteen kilometers this morning!
5. She \_\_\_\_\_  (buy)  some really nice rollerblades!
6. Oh, no! I  \_\_\_\_\_ (lose) my money!
7. My mum \_\_\_\_\_ (write) shopping list. It's on the kitchen table.
8. Dad, you \_\_\_\_\_ (eat) my biscuit!
9. I’m tired. I  \_\_\_\_\_ (watch) three X-Files videos.
10. Hurry up! They  \_\_\_\_\_ (start) the film!
11. Mary  \_\_\_\_\_ (study) hard this year, so she'll pass her exams.
12. Oh no! She  \_\_\_\_\_  (drop) the plate!
13. The garden is very green. It  \_\_\_\_\_ (rain) a lot this month.
14. These are my favourite trousers. I  \_\_\_\_\_ (have) them for five years.
15. Tom's my best friend. I  \_\_\_\_\_ (know) him for three years.
16. They \_\_\_\_\_  (live) in Miami for two years.
17. Jo has earache. He  \_\_\_\_\_ (have) it since 7 o'clock.
18. Brad \_\_\_\_\_ (live) in Chicago since 1998.

**Exercise 5. Составить 6 предложений в Present Perfect (2 утвердительных, 2 отрицательных и 2 вопросительных)**

**8 кл. Задания для самостоятельного изучения темы**

**«Natural disasters».**

**Exercise 1. Translate these words and learn their translation.**

1. Natural
2. Disaster
3. Earthquake
4. Tornado
5. Tsunami
6. Floods
7. Reason
8. Occur
9. Human
10. Earth
11. Negative impact
12. Environment
13. Kinds
14. Damage
15. Dwelling
16. Number
17. Victims
18. Injure
19. However
20. Movement
21. Lead
22. Certain area
23. Land
24. Destroy
25. Building
26. Enormous column of the wind
27. Lift
28. Dangerous
29. Ground
30. Cause
31. Thus

**Exercise 2. Read and translate the text (in the written form).**

Natural disasters like earthquakes, tornado, tsunami and floods happen more frequently nowadays. There are many reasons why they occur, but the main one is related to human activity on Earth which often has a negative impact on our environment. All kinds of disasters are usually very damaging. Many dwellings, roads and even whole streets and cities are ruined. The number of victims usually terrifies as hundreds or even thousands of people get injured or die in disasters. However, each disaster has a different nature. For example, an earthquake is the result of the tectonic plates’ movement which leads to the shaking of a certain area on land. Earthquakes destroy buildings and people usually become victims because they get stuck or killed under the rubble. Tornado is also a natural disaster which looks like an enormous column of the wind which lifts cars, bicycles, furniture and many other things. It is also called a twister and it can be very dangerous if touches the surface of the ground or water. Flood in its turn happens when rivers burst their banks. Most extended floods damage cities and wash away whole populated places. Tsunami is another natural disaster which arises as a series of huge waves caused by underwater earthquakes. Thus, there are many natural disasters which are dangerous for all of us. We should be careful and treat our planet better in order not to die with it.

**Exercise 3. Стр. 50 упр. 1 (перевод письменно), составить 5 вопросов к тексту**

**9кл. стр. 62 упр. 1а (GR 9, 10), упр.2,3 письменно, стр. 63 упр. 5 письменно**

**Стр. 66 упр.3 перевод письменно, найти в интернете средства логической связи для ЭССЕ и выписать в тетрадь**

**10 кл. Задания для самостоятельного изучения темы**

**«Great Britain during reigning the Queen Victoria».**

**Exercise 1. Read and translate the text in written form.**

**Queen Victoria**

Victoria ( 24 May 1819 – 22 January 1901) was the Queen regnant of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland from 20 June 1837, and the first Empress of India of the British Raj from 1 May 1876, until her death. Her reign as the Queen lasted 63 years and 7 months, longer than that of any other British monarch before or since, and her reign is the longest of any female monarch in history.

The time of her reign is known as the Victorian era, a period of industrial, cultural, political, scientific, and military progress within the United Kingdom. Victoria's reign was marked by a great expansion of the British Empire. During this period, it reached its zenith and became the foremost global power of the time. She arranged marriages for her 9 children and 42 grandchildren across the continent, tying Europe together and earning her the nickname "the grandmother of Europe". She was the last British monarch of the House of Hanover.

Victoria was born in Kensington Palace in 1819. At the time of her birth, her grandfather, George III, was on the throne, but his three eldest sons, had no surviving legitimate children. Victoria later described her childhood as "rather melancholy". Victoria's mother was extremely protective of the princess, who was raised in near isolation under the elaborate set of rules and protocols.

On 24 May 1837 Victoria turned 18, and in June she became Queen of the United Kingdom.

Princess Victoria first met her future husband, her first cousin Prince Albert when she was just seventeen in 1836. Some authors have written that she initially found Albert to be rather dull. However according to her diary, she enjoyed his company from the beginning. They were married on 10 February 1840, in the Chapel Royal of St. James's Palace, London. Albert became not only the Queen's companion, but an important political advisor. They had nine children and the marriage was rather successful. The Prince Consort died of typhoid fever on 14 December 1861, due to the primitive sanitary conditions at Windsor Castle. His death devastated Victoria, who was still affected by the death of her mother in March of that year.She entered a state of mourning and wore black for the remainder of her life. She avoided public appearances, and rarely set foot in London in the following years. Her seclusion earned her the name "Widow of Windsor."

Queen Victoria's reign marked the gradual establishment of a modern constitutional monarchy. A series of legal reforms saw the House of Commons' power increase, at the expense of the House of Lords and the monarchy, with the monarch's role becoming gradually more symbolic. Victoria's reign created for Britain the concept of the "family monarchy" with which the burgeoning middle classes could identify.

**Exercise 2. Translate the words and learn them.**

1. Made a great impact
2. treeless
3. the richest supplies
4. deposits
5. heavy machinery
6. a well-developed net
7. maritime transport
8. is often regarded
9. to mix
10. natural resources
11. coal
12. oil
13. diggings
14. iron ore
15. copper
16. development
17. depend
18. heavy industry
19. steel
20. chemical industry
21. light industry
22. railway
23. regard
24. agricultural
25. crops
26. Grain

**Задания для самостоятельного изучения темы**

**«Natural resources».**

**Exercise 1. Read and translate the text in written form.**

**The Nature, Economics and Mineral Resources**

The climatic difference made a great impact on the nature of Russia.  
In the north of the country we can see treeless tundra. Then comes taiga, full of different animals — bears, tigers, wolves and so on. There are a lot of plants there. Then mixed forests come, then forest-steppes, and, finally, the steppes.  
Russia has the richest supplies of the mineral resources in the world. We produce more coal, oil, natural gas than any other country in the world. We also have the richest diggings of iron ore, copper, zinc, lead, nickel, aluminum and tin.  
The economical development of our country depends much on our natural resources. The heavy industry is well developed in the country. Our country produces a lot of steel and heavy machinery. The country has also a well developed chemical industry. The light industry is also well-developed in Russia. We produce a lot of textiles of different quality and colors.  
A lot of transport is used in Russia. We have a well-developed net of railways and highways. A river and maritime transport is well-developed too and very important for the country's economics. Aeroflot is one of the most important companies in the world. Fishing industry is also very important for the economics of the country.  
Russia is often regarded as an agricultural country. We grow a lot of crops. Grain has always been one of the most important products in Russia.  
We also grow a lot of potatoes and other vegetables.

**Exercise 2. Answer the questions in written form.**

**Questions:**

1. Is the nature of Russia very diverse?  
2. Do we have a lot of natural resources?  
3. What minerals can we find on the territory if the country?  
4. Does it make an impact on the development of the country?  
5. What spheres of industry are well-developed in the country?  
6. Do we use a lot of transport?  
7. Is fishing industry also very important?  
8. What agricultural products are traditional for the Russia's economics?

**Стр. 80 изучить таблицу, упр.6, составить 9 предложений по таблице (3 утвердительных, 3 отрицательных, 3 вопросительных)**